Engaging Tulsa in Urban Conservation

Jean Lemmon 918-625-1159

Jean.Lemmon@conservation.ok.gov





 Collaboration between Oklahoma Extension Service and Tulsa County Conservation District to train citizen volunteers in water quality (1992)



Stream Protection Through Education

EXTENSION

What makes a healthy stream?

- Water
- Cooler temperatures
- Shady/Sunny
- Shallow/Deep
- Running water/ Pooled water
- Fish
- Crawdads
- Safe to wade or swim



How do we know if it is healthy?



Physical Habitat

- + Biological Community
 - + Water Chemistry

Stream Health



Physical habitat







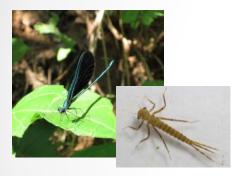
Physical Habitat





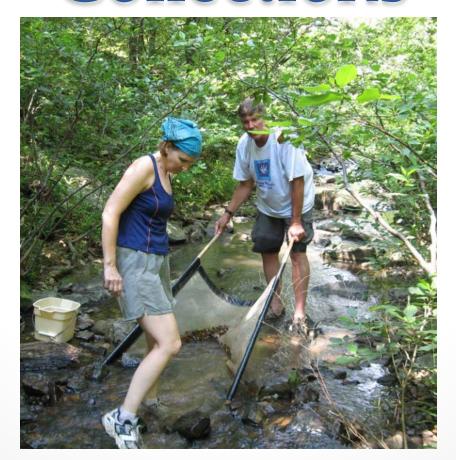


Benthic Macroinvertebrate (Bug) Collections



















Water Chemistry

- One instant in time
- Expensive
- Complicated















What is the problem?

- 303(d) list of impaired waters of the State
 - o Poor fish community
 - o Poor benthic macroinvertebrate (bugs) community
 - Low levels of oxygen in the water
 - o Bacteria

Crow Creek is not currently "fishable and swimmable"



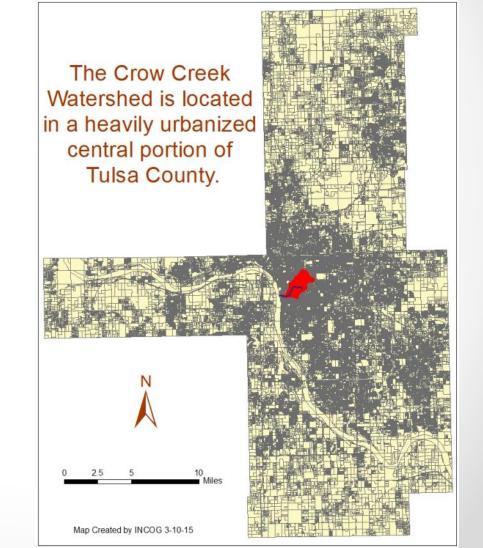
Why are we working on Crow Creek?

- Citizens have asked for help.
- Government entities are willing and able to help.
- The watershed is urban and will require local community involvement and an intensive education initiative.
- We all want to restore and protect Crow Creek!



Where is Crow Creek?

The Crow Creek watershed covers approximately 1,789 acres or 2.8 square miles. It is the first "open" creek south of downtown Tulsa.

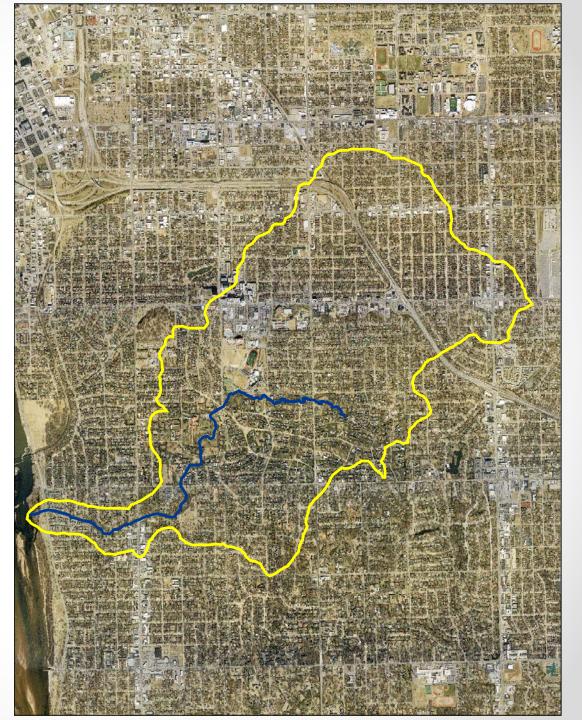




The Crow Creek watershed drains into the Arkansas River and receives flow from a heavily developed, mostly residential, area.



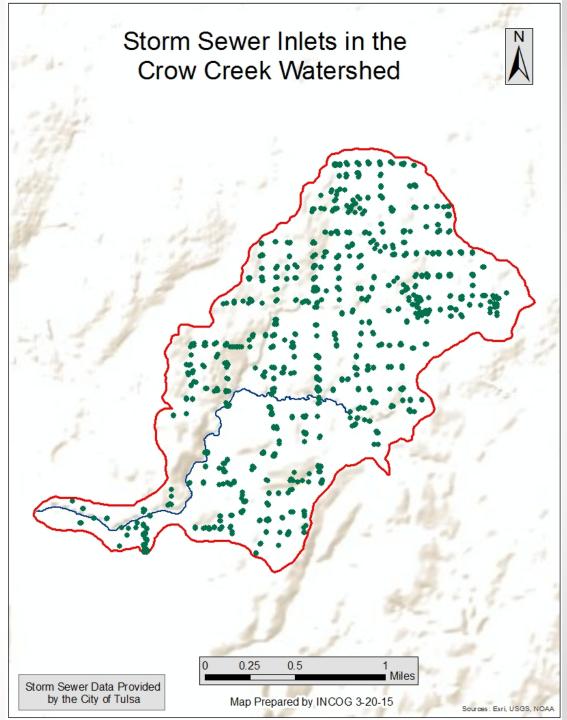




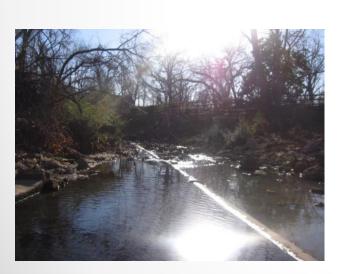
There are 851 stormwater inlets in the Crow Creek Watershed.



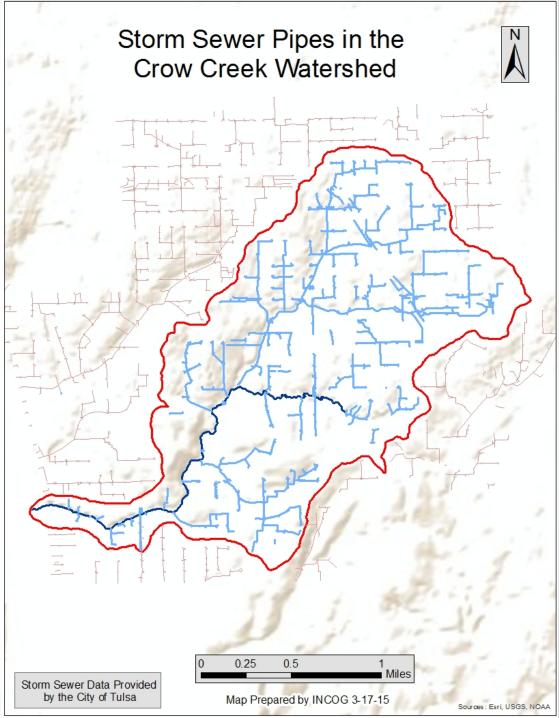




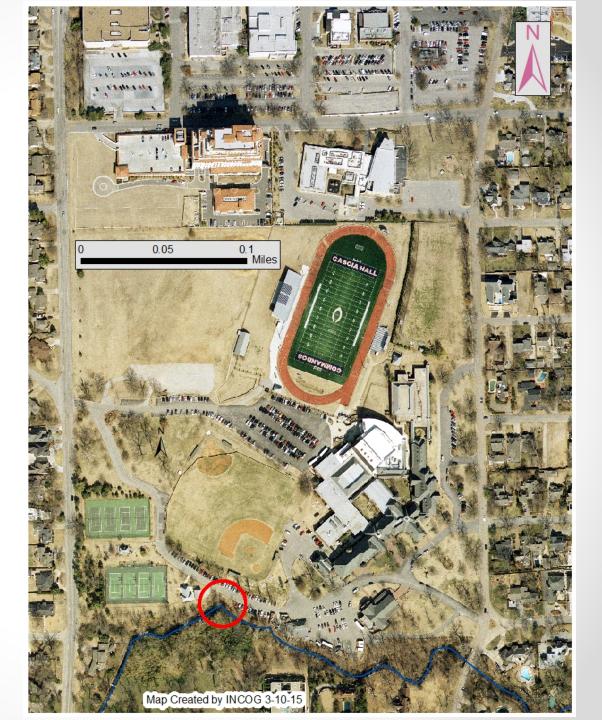
The Crow Creek watershed has approximately 113,465 feet or 21.3 miles of storm sewer pipe.







The red circle shows where the original Crow Creek channel disappears underground.



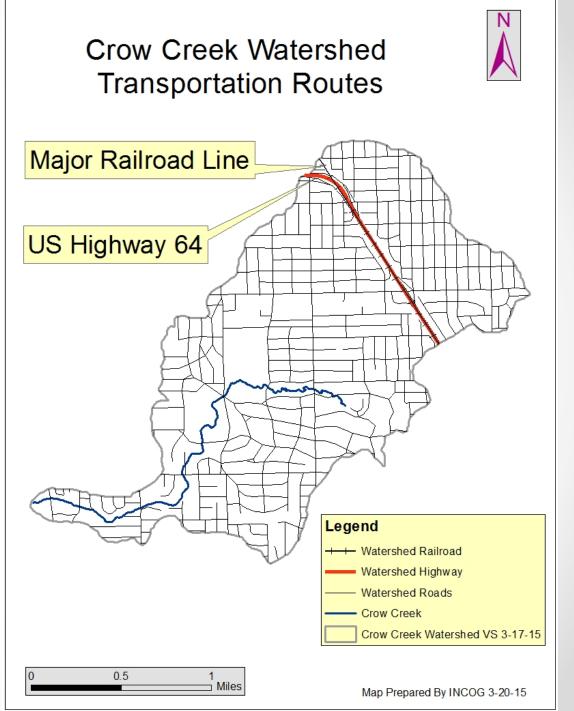




Transportation Related Hazards

- A) Vehicle Fuel and Fluid Spills
- B) Cargo Spills
- C) Railroad
 Derailments





Other Issues

- 515 manholes
- 15 industrial stormwater permittees
- 21 underground storage tanks
- 11 water wells
- 4 oil and gas wells
- 14 septic systems





Trash / Yard Waste





Fertilizer/Pesticide



Crow Creek Community



Facebook Page



www.facebook.com/CrowCreekCommunity



Logo Contest





Work Groups

- Stream Restoration Work Group (instream & banks)
 - o Public, private, retired technical experts with residential advisors
- Landscaping Work Group (adjacent to creek)
 - o Neighbors, neighborhood associations, public officials
- Business Support Group (entire watershed)
 - o Business Associations, Individual businesses
 - o St. John Hospital, Philbrook Art Museum, Brookside already supportive
- Community Education/Outreach Work Group (entire watershed)
 - o Public, private, & grass roots supporters



Impairment Targets/Solutions

- Dissolved Oxygen
 - o Instream Structures & Nutrient Reduction (especially P)
- Bacteria (E. coli)
 - o Septic System checks, Pet Waste Management, Riparian Buffer
- Macroinvertebrate ("bugs" variety & number)
 - o Insecticide Management, Habitat Improvement
- Fish (number & variety)
 - o Migration Path, Habitat, all other efforts
- Community Support & Involvement









Landscape Plan

BMP Demonstration Area

Paths

Benches

Signage

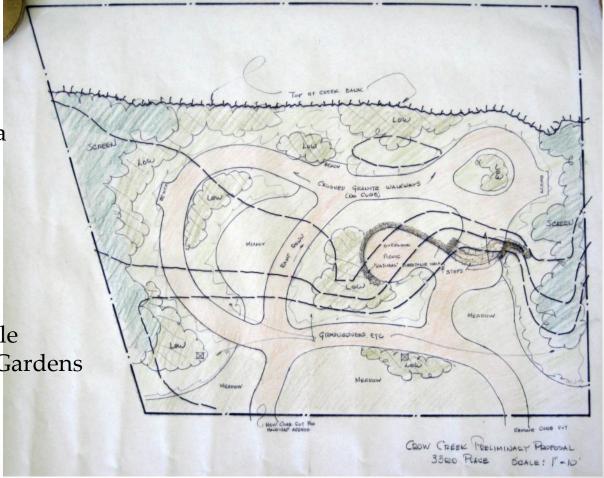
Riparian Area

Sunny Meadow

Shady Meadow

Rain Garden/Bioswale

Pollinator/Butterfly Gardens





Education/Outreach





Too Much Water – Too Fast!









compost-amended soil

rain garden





